So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Stated for:

Mr. GREEN of Texas. Madam Speaker, had I been present, I would have voted "yea" on rollcall No. 352.

Mr. KILMER. Madam Speaker, had I been present, I would have voted "yea" on rollcall No. 352

MEMBERS RECORDED PURSUANT TO HOUSE RESOLUTION 8 117TH CONGRESS

RESOLUTION 6, IIIII CONGRESS			
Axne (Spanberger) Barragán (Gallego) Bowman (Tlaib) Brown (Mfume) Cárdenas (Gomez) Cohen (Beyer) Crist (Castor (FL)) Davids (KS) (Cleaver) DeFazio (Blumenauer) Deutch (Rice (NY)) Doggett (Raskin) Fletcher (Escobar) Gaetz (Greene (GA))	Gonzalez, Vicente (Gomez) Hagedorn (Carl) Kirkpatrick (Stanton) Larsen (WA) (Connolly) Lawson (FL) (Evans) Meng (Jeffries) Morelle (Rice (NY)) Ocasio-Cortez (Garcia (IL)) Palazzo (Fleischmann) Payne (Pallone) Pingree (Kuster) Rush (Underwood)	Schiff (Thompson (CA)) Sires (Pallone) Smucker (Joyce (PA)) Speier (Scanlon Steube (Franklin, C. Scott) Strickland (Jeffries) Swalwell (Gomez) Thompson (MS) (Butterfield) Thompson (PA) (Reschenthaler) Titus (Connolly Trone (Beyer) Wilson (FL) (Hayes)	

SMALL BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT CENTER CYBER TRAINING ACT OF 2021

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 4515) to amend the Small Business Act to require cyber certification for small business development center counselors, and for other purposes, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentlewoman from New York (Ms. VELÁZQUEZ) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 409, nays 14, not voting 8, as follows:

[Roll No. 353]

	YEAS-409	
Adams Aderholt Aguilar Allen Allred Almodei Arrington Auchincloss Axne Babin Bacon Baird Balderson Banks Barr Barragán Bass	Beatty Bentz Bera Bergman Beyer Bice (OK) Bilirakis Bishop (NC) Blumenauer Blunt Rochester Boebert Bonamici Bost Bourdeaux Bowman	Boyle, Brend F. Brady Brooks Brown Brownley Buchanan Bucshon Budd Burgess Bush Bustos Butterfield Calvert Cammack Carbajal

Vicente

Gosar Gottheimer

Graves (LA)

Graves (MO)

Granger

Mann

Mast

Matsui

McBath

McCarthy

Manning

Green (TN) McCaul Carl Green, Al (TX) McClain Carson Carter (GA) Greene (GA) McClintock Carter (LA) Griffith McCollum Carter (TX) McEachin Grijalva Cartwright Guest McGovern Case Guthrie McHenry Casten Hagedorn McKinley Castor (FL) Harder (CA) McNernev Castro (TX) Harris Meeks Hartzler Cawthorn Meijer Chabot Hayes Meng Cheney Hern Meuser Chu Herrell Mfume Cicilline Herrera Beutler Miller (IL) Hice (GA) Higgins (NY) Miller (WV) Clark (MA) Clarke (NY) Cleaver Hill Moolenaar Cloud Himes Mooney Moore (AL) Clyburn Hinson Hollingsworth Clyde Moore (UT) Horsford Moore (WI) Cole Houlahan Morelle Comer Hover Moulton Hudson Connolly Mrvan Huffman Mullin Cooper Correa Huizenga. Jackson Courtney Craig Jackson Lee Nadler Crawford Jacobs (CA) Napolitano Jacobs (NY) Crenshaw Neal Neguse Jayapal Crow Jeffries Nehls Cuellar Johnson (GA) Newhouse Johnson (LA) Newman Curtis Davids (KS) Johnson (OH) Norcross Davidson Johnson (SD) Nunes Davis, Danny K. O'Halleran Johnson (TX) Davis, Rodney Jones Obernolte Jordan Dean Joyce (OH) DeFazio Omar DeGette Joyce (PA) Owens DeLauro Kahele Palazzo DelBene Kaptur Pallone Delgado Katko Palmer Demings Keating Panetta DeSaulnier Keller Pappas Kelly (IL) Pascrell DesJarlais Kelly (MS) Kelly (PA) Deutch Payne Pence Diaz-Balart Perlmutter Dingell Khanna Doggett Kildee Peters Pfluger Donalds Kilmer Doyle, Michael Kim (CA) Phillips Kim (N.I) Pingree Duncan Kind Pocan Kirkpatrick Porter Ellzev Krishnamoorthi Posev Pressley Escobar Kuster Kustoff Price (NC) Eshoo Espaillat LaHood Quigley LaMalfa Raskin Estes Lamb Reed Evans Lamborn Fallon Feenstra Langevin Rice (NY) Ferguson Larsen (WA) Rice (SC) Fischbach Larson (CT) Fitzgerald Latta Rogers (AL) Fitzpatrick LaTurner Rogers (KY) Fleischmann Lawrence Rose Fletcher Lawson (FL) Ross Fortenberry Lee (CA) Rouzer Lee (NV) Foster Foxx Leger Fernandez Ruiz Frankel, Lois Lesko Letlow Franklin, C. Rush Rutherford Levin (CA) Fulcher Levin (MI) Rvan Lieu Salazar Gaetz Gallagher Lofgren Sánchez Gallego Long Sarbanes Garamendi Loudermilk Scalise Garbarino Scanlon Lowenthal Schakowsky Garcia (CA) Lucas Luetkemeyer García (IL) Schiff Garcia (TX) Luria Schneider Gibbs Lynch Schrader Gimenez Mace Schrier Golden Malinowski Schweikert Malliotakis Gomez Scott (VA) Gonzales, Tony Maloney, Gonzalez (OH) Carolyn B. Gonzalez, Maloney, Sean

Miller-Meeks Murphy (FL) Murphy (NC) Ocasio-Cortez Reschenthaler Rodgers (WA) Roybal-Allard Ruppersberger Scott, Austin Scott, David Sessions Sewell Sherman Simpson Sires Slotkin Smith (MO)

Smith (NE) Thompson (CA) Smith (NJ) Thompson (MS) Smith (WA) Thompson (PA) Smucker Tiffany Timmons Soto Spanberger Titus Spartz Tlaib Speier Tonko Stansbury Torres (CA) Stanton Torres (NY) Stauber Stee1 Trone Stefanik Turner Underwood Steube Upton Stevens Valadao Stewart Van Drew Strickland Van Duvne Suozzi Vargas Swalwell Veasey Takano Velázquez Taylor Wagner Tenney Walberg NAYS-14 Biggs

Walorski Waltz Wasserman Schultz Waters Watson Coleman Weber (TX) Webster (FL) Welch Wenstrup Westerman Wexton Wild Williams (GA) Williams (TX) Wilson (FL) Wilson (SC) Wittman Womack Yarmuth Young Zeldin

Good (VA) Norman Gooden (TX) Buck Perry Burchett Grothman Rosendale Cline Gohmert Higgins (LA) Roy Massie

NOT VOTING-

Harshbarger Armstrong Sherrill Costa Emmer Kinzinger

\Box 1740

Mr. CLINE changed his vote from "yea" to "nay."

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. EMMER. Madam Speaker, I was regrettably unable to vote on November 2, 2021. Had I been present, I would have voted "yes" on all the day's legislation: rollcall No. 342 (H.R. 1975), rollcall No. 343 (H.R. 5221), rollcall No. 344 (H.R. 3616), rollcall No. 345 (S. 108), rollcall No. 346 (H.R. 4881), rollcall No. 347 (H.R. 2088), rollcall No. 348 (H.R. 3469), rollcall No. 349 (H.R. 4256), rollcall No. 350 (H.R. 3462), rollcall No. 351 (H.R. 4481), rollcall No. 352 (H.R. 4531), and rollcall No. 353 (H.R. 4515).

MEMBERS RECORDED PURSUANT TO HOUSE RESOLUTION 8, 117TH CONGRESS

TERMINATING DESIGNATION OF THE FEDERAL DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF ETHIOPIA, THE REPUBLIC OF GUINEA, AND THE REPUBLIC OF MALI AS BENEFICIARY SUB-SAHARAN AFRICAN COUNTRIES UNDER THE AGOAMESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES (H. DOC. NO. 117-70)

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following message from the President of the United States; which was read and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means and ordered to be printed:

To the Congress of the United States:

In accordance with section 506A(a)(3)(B) of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2466a(a)(3)(B)), I am providing advance notification of my intent to terminate the designation of the Federal Democratic Republic of Ethiopia (Ethiopia), the Republic of Guinea (Guinea), and the Republic of Mali (Mali) as beneficiary sub-Saharan African countries under the African Growth and Opportunity Act (AGOA).

I am taking this step as Ethiopia, Guinea, and Mali are not in compliance with the eligibility requirements of section 104 of the AGOA—in Ethiopia, for gross violations of internationally recognized human rights; in Guinea, for not having established, or not making continual progress toward establishing, the protection of the rule of law and of political pluralism; and in Mali, for not having established, or not making continual progress toward establishing, the protection of the rule of law, political pluralism, and internationally recognized worker rights. and for not addressing gross violations of internationally recognized human rights.

Despite intensive engagement between the United States and the Governments of Ethiopia, Guinea, and Mali, these governments have failed to address United States concerns about their noncompliance with the AGOA eligibility criteria.

Accordingly, I intend to terminate the designation of Ethiopia, Guinea, and Mali as beneficiary sub-Saharan African countries under the AGOA as of January 1, 2022. I will continue to assess whether the Governments of Ethiopia, Guinea, and Mali are making continual progress toward meeting the AGOA eligibility requirements.

JOSEPH R. BIDEN, Jr. THE WHITE HOUSE, November 2, 2021.

□ 1745

RECOGNIZING KATHY ARO

(Ms. TLAIB asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. TLAIB. Madam Speaker, I rise today to recognize Kathy Aro for her 17 years of service to the families of southeastern Michigan through her work at the Accounting Aid Society.

Kathy has led the Accounting Aid Society in fulfilling its mission to help put the residents of southeast Michigan on the pathway to financial stability.

Her leadership has been a catalyst for massive growth of Accounting Aid Society's free income tax assistance program, which puts hard-earned dollars back into the pockets of many of our vulnerable families.

Under Kathy's leadership, Accounting Aid Society has expanded its programming to include Accounting Aid Academy, which provides basic small business guidance and financial coaching.

In short, Kathy has been an outstanding community leader, cultivating Accounting Aid Society into a trusted community partner.

Madam Speaker, please join me in recognizing Kathy's outstanding contributions to the communities of Michigan's 13th Congressional District as we wish her well in her retirement.

SIKH 1984 VIOLENCE 37TH ANNIVERSARY

(Mr. BRENDAN F. BOYLE of Pennsylvania asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. BRENDAN F. BOYLE of Pennsylvania. Madam Speaker, I rise to recognize the November 1984 anti-Sikh riots in India, also commonly referred to as the "Sikh Massacre."

Sikhism, which originated in Punjab, India, saw its followers first begin immigrating to our shores nearly 130 years ago. The Sikh community is one of the largest in the world, with roughly 30 million followers globally and more than half a million here in the United States.

The massacre against the Sikhs began in the capital territory of Delhi and a number of other major Indian cities on November 1, 1984, following the assassination of Indian Prime Minister Indira Gandhi. The first Sikh life was tragically taken early that morning in East Delhi.

The violence, which lasted 3 days, resulted in thousands upon thousands of casualties among the Sikh community. In the aftermath of the massacre, it was reported that nearly 20,000 were forced to flee the city, leading to countless displaced people.

Madam Speaker, remembering the Sikh Massacre is a pivotal and historic step in the fight for justice and accountability for the families of all those victims.

SEMINOLE TRIBE OF FLORIDA

(Mr. SOTO asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. SOTO. Madam Speaker, today the House just passed the Senate substitute for our bill, the bipartisan H.R. 164, and it now heads to President Biden's desk. It helps right an injustice.

Historically, land has been held in trust for Tribes by the Federal Government, as is the case for the Seminole Tribe of Florida. In modern times, this has become a cumbersome process.

The bill itself was necessary to allow the Seminole Tribe to engage in certain land transactions that were interpreted as necessary by a congressional bill, by the Indian Non-Intercourse Act, so this would allow them to finally engage in those land transactions.

It is critical for the Seminoles and other Tribes to be able to conduct their affairs without having to go to Congress every time. Comprehensive reform is needed in the future, and we appreciate the support in the House today to send this very good bill to President Biden.

LOCAL BUSINESS TAXES, REGULATIONS, AND REDUCED WORKFORCE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under the Speaker's announced policy of January 4, 2021, the gentleman from Missouri (Mr. LUETKEMEYER) is recognized for 60 minutes as the designee of the minority leader.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. LUETKEMEYER. Madam Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members have 5 legislative days to revise and extend their remarks and include any extraneous material on the subject of this Special Order.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Missouri?

There was no objection.

Mr. LUETKEMEYER. Madam Speaker, I come to the floor this evening with a number of my Republican colleagues to speak about the small business economy.

Small business owners have been devastated by the COVID-19 pandemic as they are still reeling from the Democrat-induced State and local shutdowns and economic downturn. At a time when Main Street USA has been focused on recovering from the health and economic effects of the pandemic, they are facing multiple challenges created by the Biden administration and congressional Democrats.

Given our country's unprecedented labor shortage, skyrocketing inflation, and supply chain crisis, small businesses, entrepreneurs, and startups alike are forced to bear the brunt of the Democrats' failed economic policies. In the midst of this economic storm, small businesses should be given the tools to recover, but now they are also being threatened with major tax increases and more burdensome regulations.

Since President Biden took office, we have seen multiple Democratic proposals that include increasing taxes on small businesses. Make no mistake: Tax hikes, no matter their form and fashion, will negatively impact Main Street USA.